



# Vehicular Hydrogen Transport System via Twin-Screw Extruder

HyTrans Engineering

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# Introduction

- DOE Seeking Fossil Fuel Alternative for Vehicles
  - Scarcity of Fossil Fuels
    - Price of Gas May Become Greater than \$6.00/gallon\*
  - Predicted Depletion Dates\*\*
    - Oil and Gas: 2042
    - Coal: 2112
  - Environment Concerns
    - Greenhouse Gases



\*[www.californiagasprices.com](http://www.californiagasprices.com)

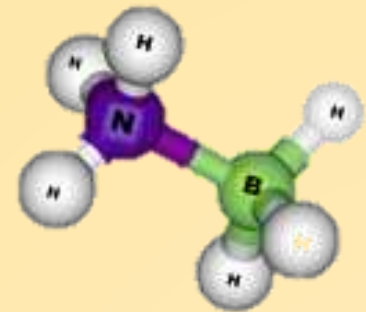
\*\*[www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0301421508004126](http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0301421508004126)





# Introduction

- Possible Solutions
  - Electric Vehicles
    - Poor Range
    - Fossil Fuels Supply 68% of US Electricity\*\*
  - Hydrogen-Powered Vehicles
    - Hydrogen is a Clean Fuel Carrier
    - Liquid & Gas Forms
      - Not Feasible
    - Solid Form
      - Ammonia Borane



\*Ammonia Borane



\*[www.americanelements.com/hydrogen-storage](http://www.americanelements.com/hydrogen-storage)

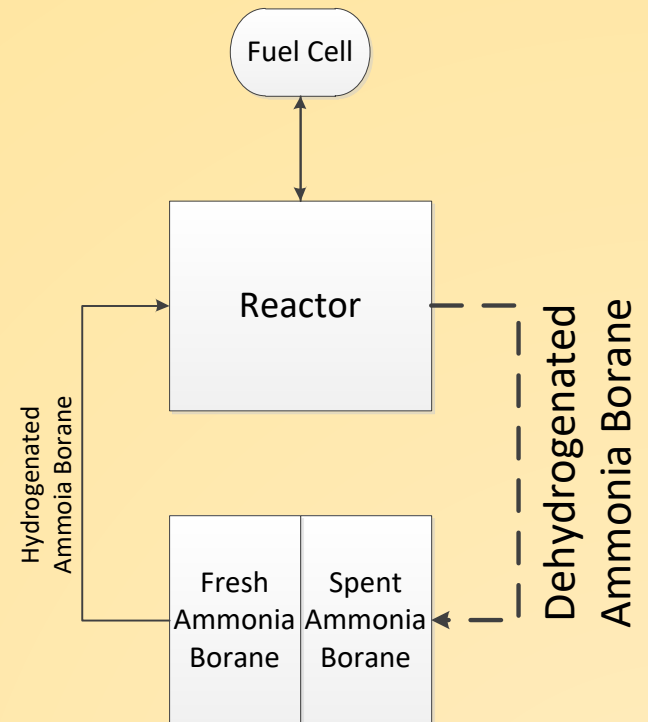
\*\*[www.eia.gov/energyexplained/index.cfm?page=electricity\\_in\\_the\\_united\\_states](http://www.eia.gov/energyexplained/index.cfm?page=electricity_in_the_united_states)





# Introduction

- Hydrogen Transfer System for Vehicles
  - Ammonia Borane to Reactor
    - Hydrogen to Fuel Cell
  - Dehydrogenated Ammonia Borane
    - Reactor to Storage
- Previous Systems Unsuccessful
  - Focus of this Project





# Transportation Ideas

- Auger
  - Clogs
  - HSECOE has Tried Without Success
- Twin Screw Extruder
  - Self Cleaning
  - Positive Pumping Action

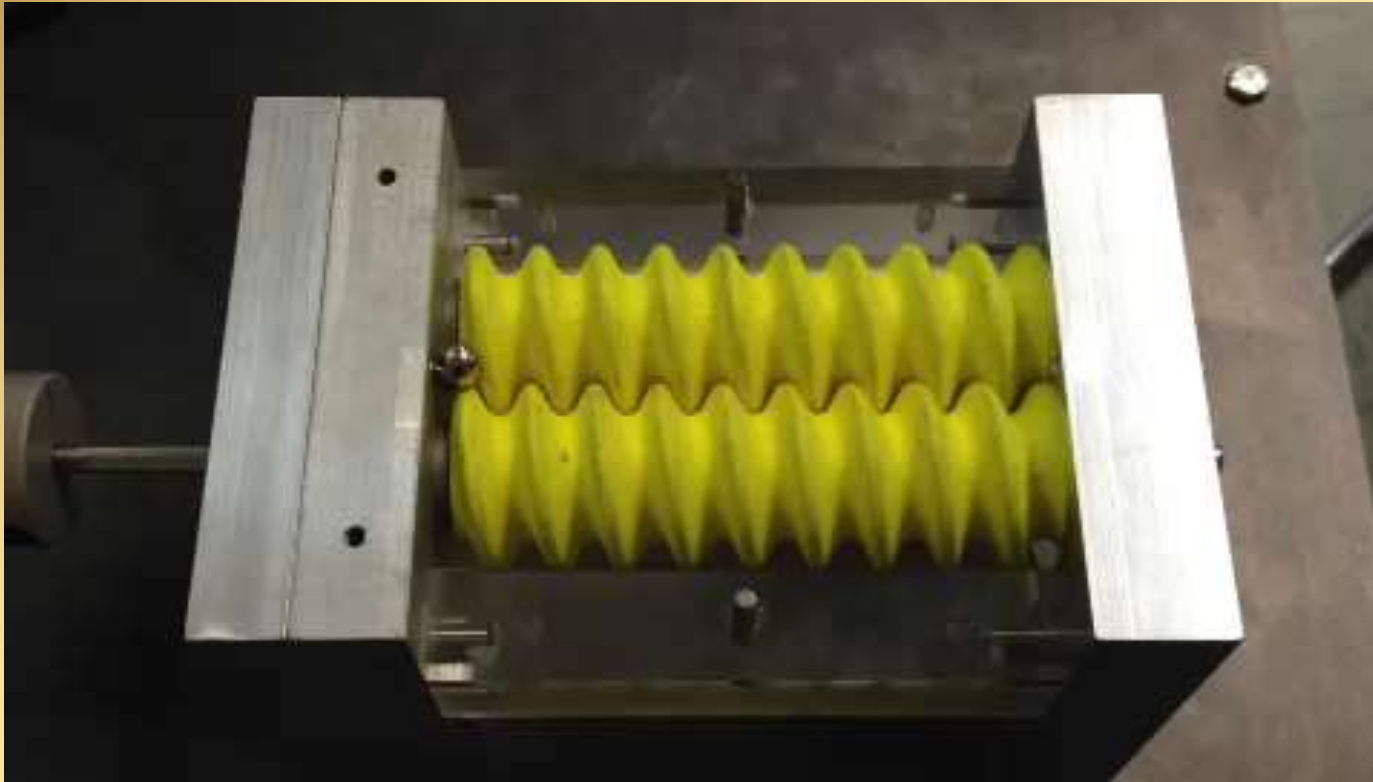


\*Auger Conveyor





# Twin Screw Extruder





# Design Process

- Design Specifications
- Surrogate Materials
- Screw Design Approach
- Compliance Testing
- Future Design Improvements
- Cost





# Design Specifications

- 1/10<sup>th</sup> Scale
  - $6.5 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{min}}$  Volumetric Flow Rate
- \$1,000 Budget
- Surrogate for Ammonia Borane







# Surrogate Materials

- Comparison Properties

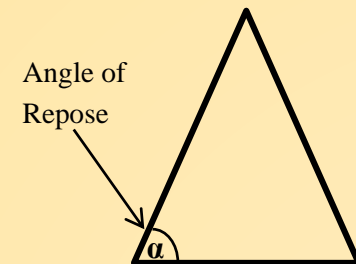
	Bulk Density (kg/L)	Particle Size (mm)	Angle of Repose (°)
Ammonia Borane	0.74	0.1-2	42
Low Density Polyethylene (LDPE)	0.92	0.1-1	42



\*Spent Ammonia Borane



LDPE



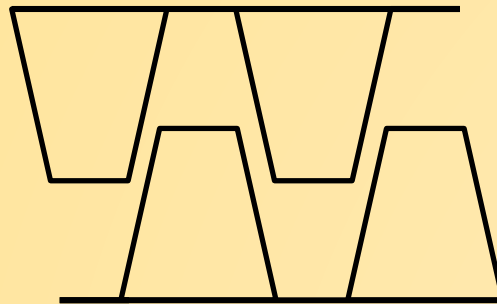
Source: \*Long Li & Yuan Zheng





# Screw Design Approach

- Intermeshing
  - Screws Engage One Another Fully
- Conjugated
  - Threads Perfectly Fit Into One Another





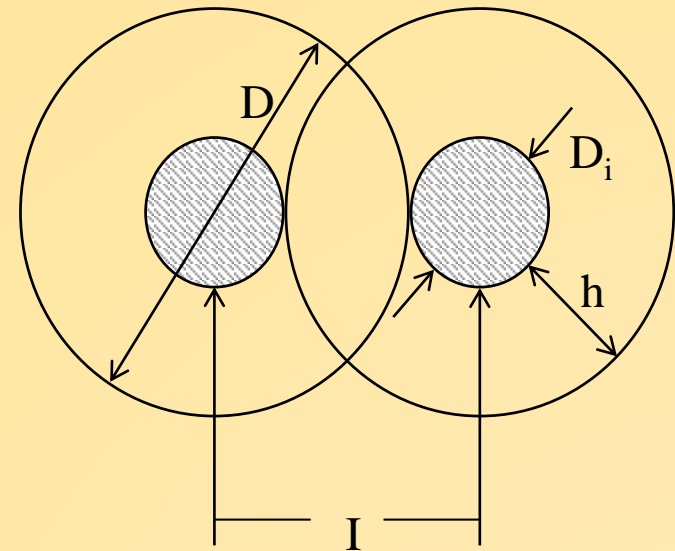
# Screw Design Approach

$$I < D \ll 2I$$

$$0 \ll D_i < I$$

$$D + D_i = 2I = \text{Constant}$$

$$h = D - I$$



<b>I [in]</b>	1.25
<b>D [in]</b>	1.5
<b><math>D_i</math> [in]</b>	1
<b>h [in]</b>	0.25
<b>pitch [in/thread]</b>	0.25 & 0.50





# Screw Design Approach

- Mass Flow Rate:  $\dot{m}_{AB} = \frac{9 \cdot P}{LHV \cdot \eta}$
- Volumetric Flow Rate:  $\dot{Q}_{AB} = \frac{\dot{m}_{AB}}{\rho_{AB}}$
- 1/10<sup>th</sup> Scale:  $\dot{Q}_{SCALE} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{AB}}{10} = 6.5 \frac{in^3}{min}$





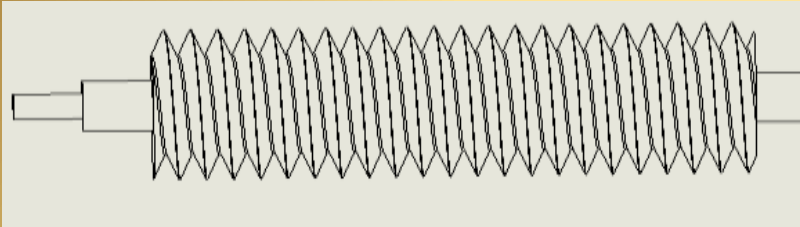
# Screw Design Approach

- Target Flow Rate:  $\dot{Q} = 2 \cdot V \cdot n$
- Thread Volume Per Revolution:  $V = A \cdot S$
- Cross Sectional Area of Thread :  $A = \frac{\dot{Q}}{2 \cdot S \cdot n}$





# Screw Design

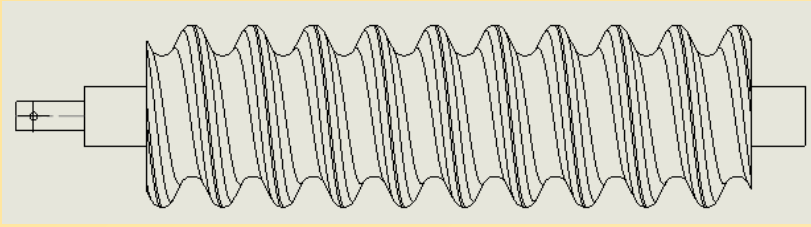


Triangular Threads:

$$A = 0.03 \text{ in}^2$$

$$V = 2.5 \text{ in}^3$$

Predicted Screw Velocity to Reach  
Target Flow Rate = 47rpm\*



Rounded Threads:

$$A = 0.07 \text{ in}^2$$

$$V = 2.5 \text{ in}^3$$

Predicted Screw Velocity to Reach  
Target Flow Rate = 20rpm\*

\* With 100% Fill





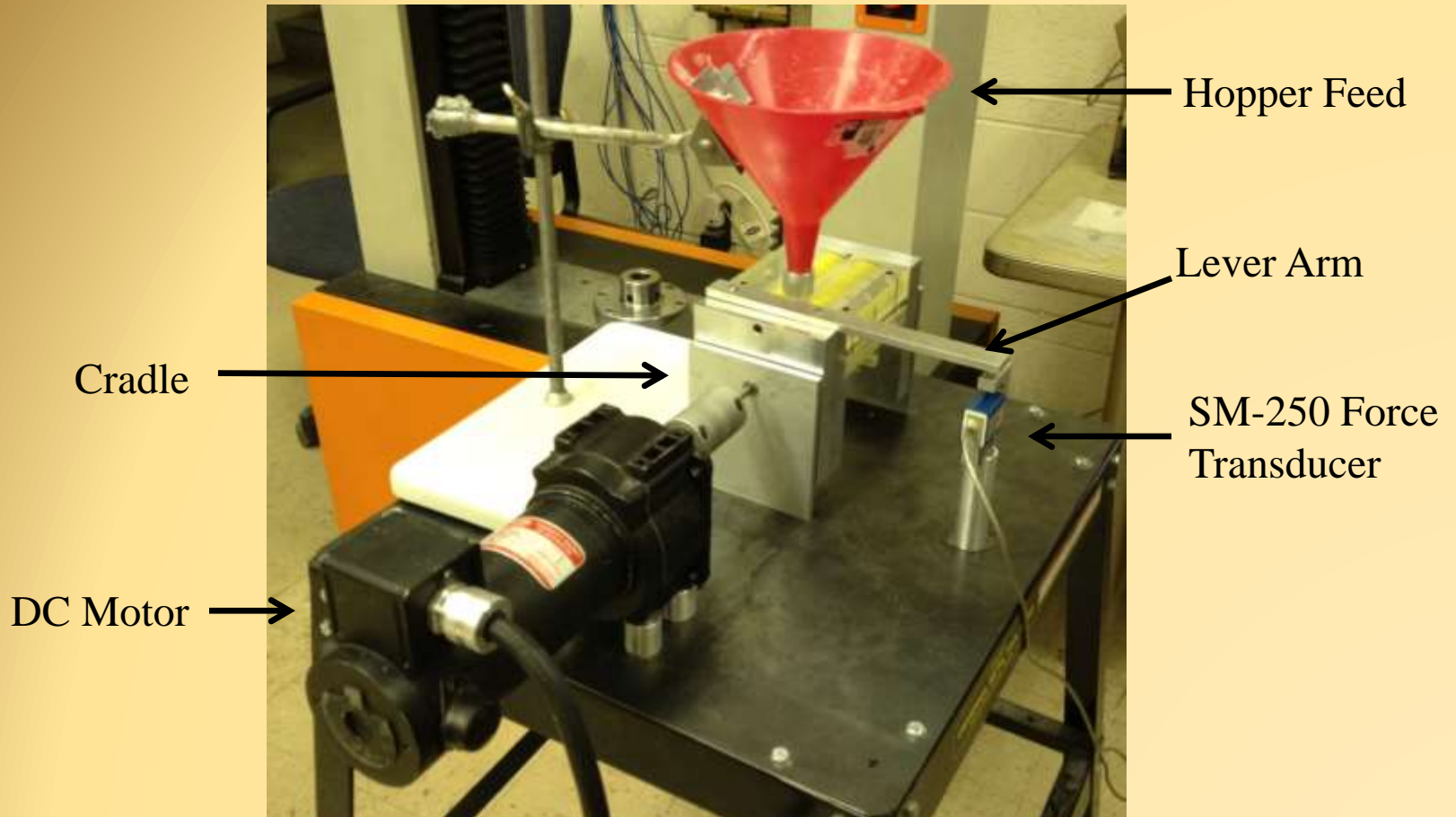
# Compliance Testing

- Set Up
  - Variable DC Motor
  - Motor Cradle
  - Lever Arm on a Force Transducer
  - Mass Scale
- Measurements
  - Force to Dynamic Torque
  - Mass Flow Rate at Variable Speeds





# Compliance Testing

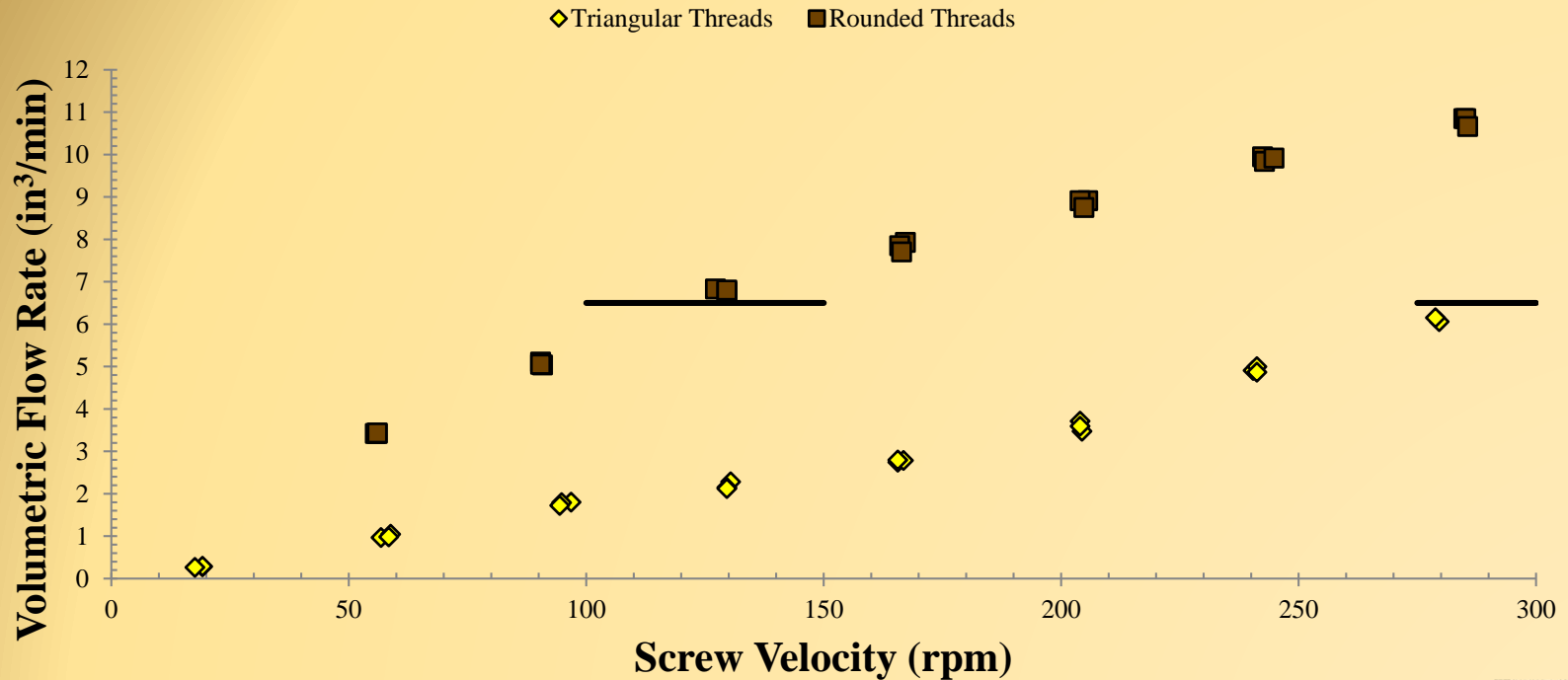






# Compliance Testing

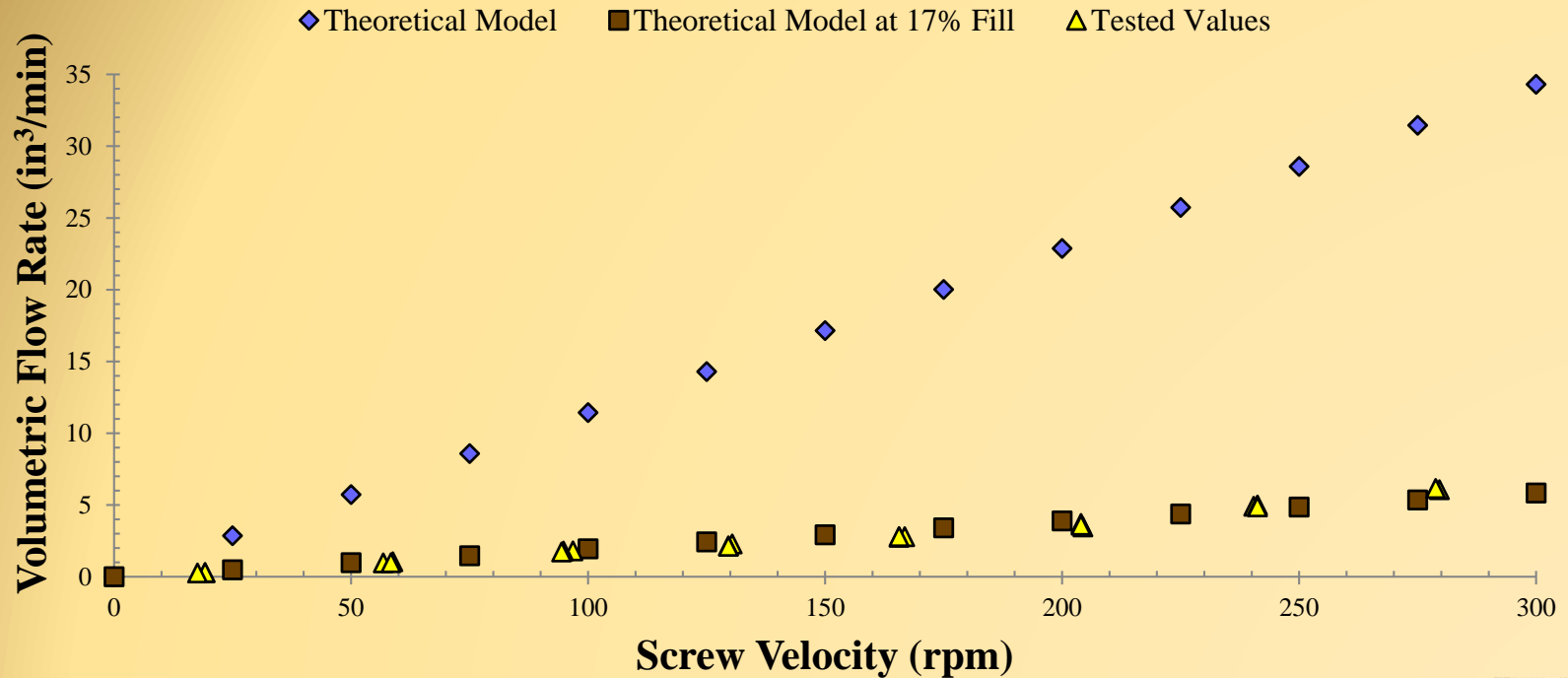
## Optimizing Screw Geometry





# Compliance Testing

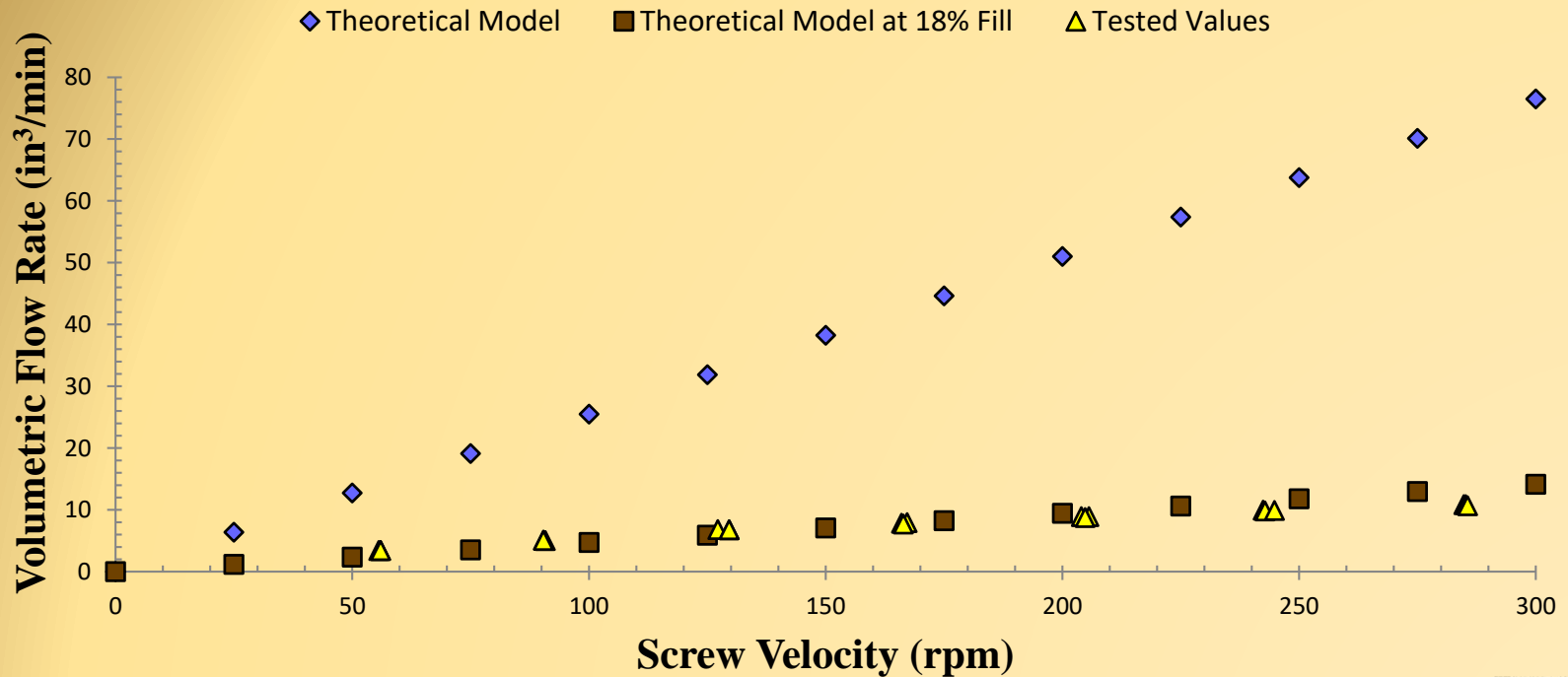
## Triangular Threads Flow Rate





# Compliance Testing

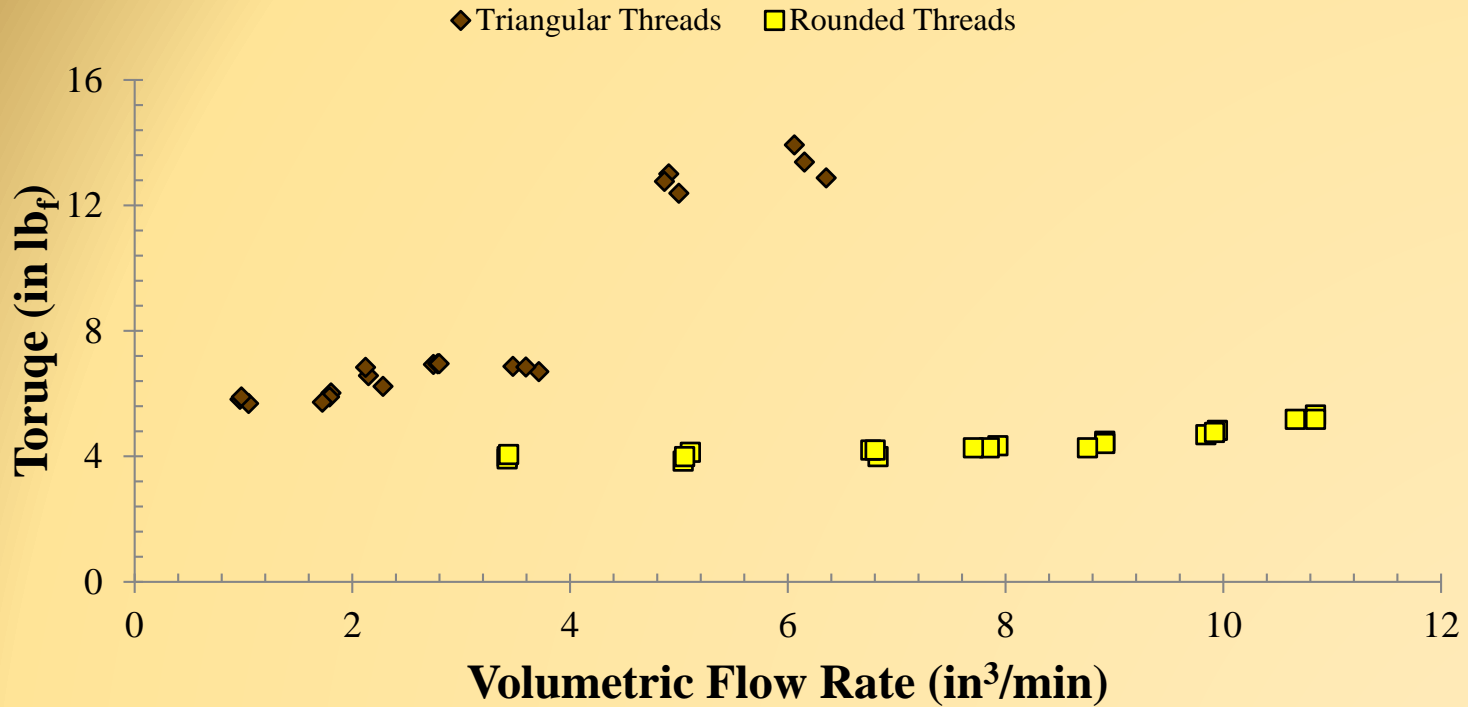
## Rounded Threads Flow Rate





# Compliance Testing

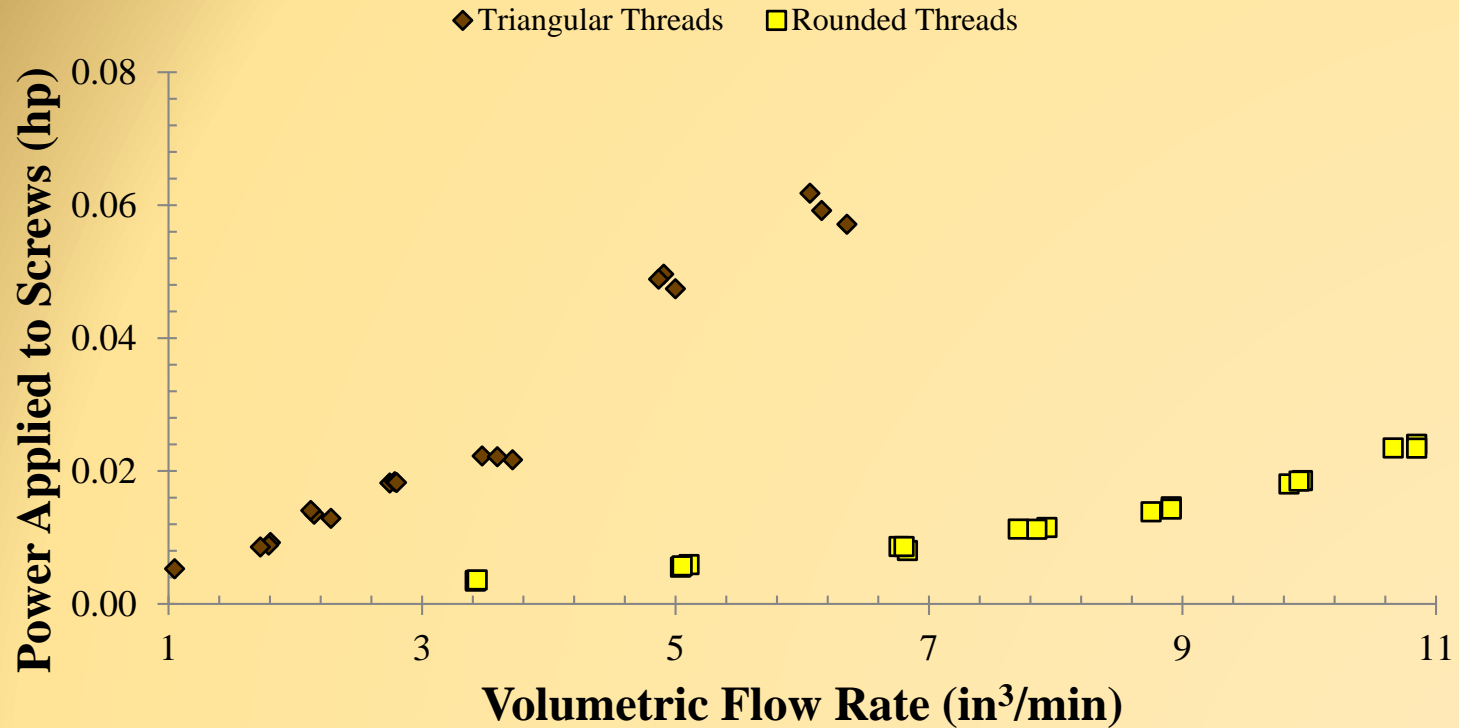
## Torque - Flow Rate Relationship





# Compliance Testing

## Power - Flow Rate Relationship





# Future Design Improvements

- Screw Material
  - Less Friction
    - Reduced Power
- Screw Geometry
  - Faster Flow Rates
  - Reduced Power Requirements
- Larger Material Inlet Area in Casing
- Full Scale Possibilities





# Project Cost

Expense	Quantity (Hrs)	Total Cost
HyTrans Engineering	877	\$32,100
Machine Shop	59	\$3,500
Materials		\$300
	<b>Grand Total:</b>	<b>\$35,900</b>





Questions?

