

By Rachel Schaefer

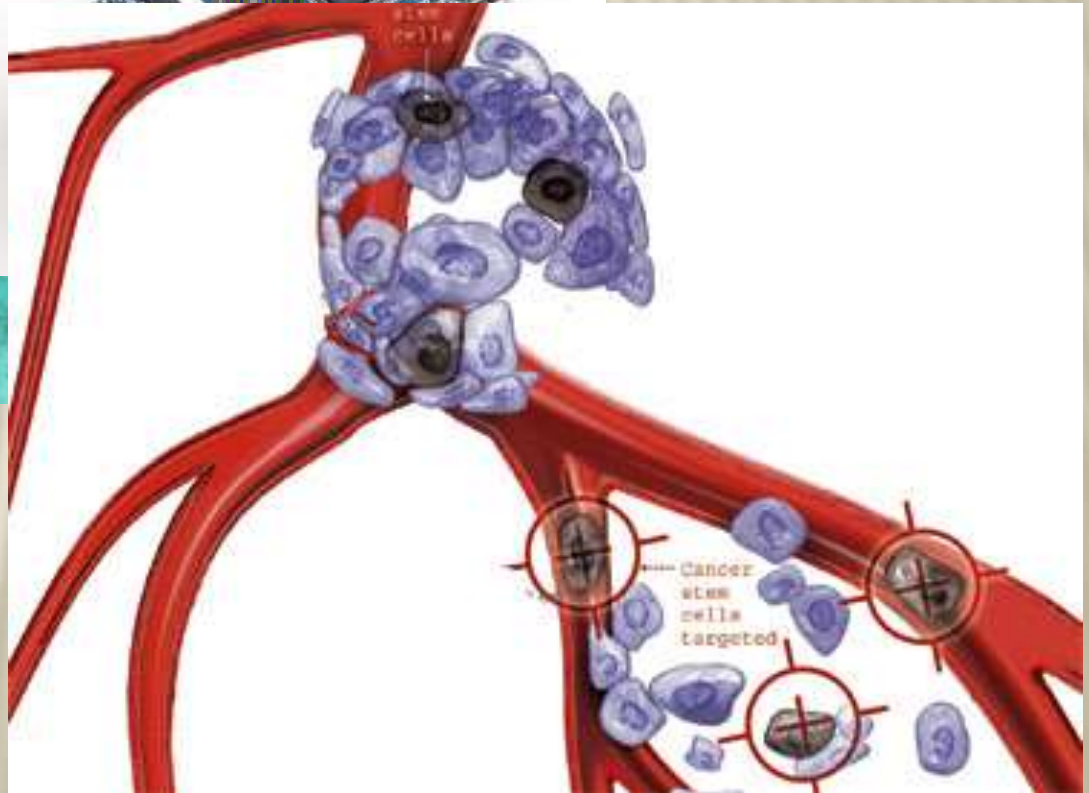
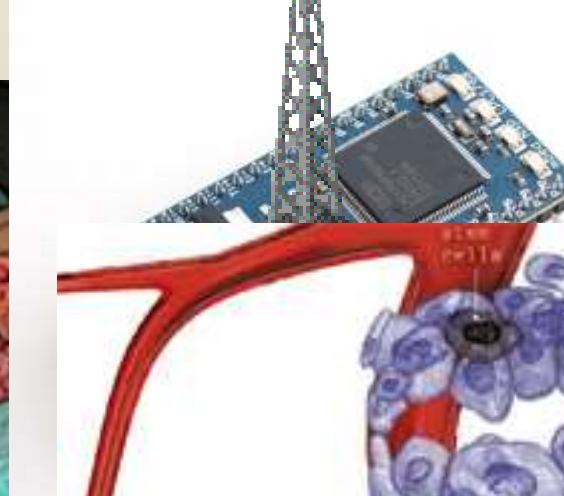
Mentored by Mark Gomelsky and Min-Hyung Ryu

Funded by Wyoming NSF EPSCoR

SYNTHETIC OPTOGENETIC SYSTEM TO STUDY BACTERIAL PATHOLOGY

SIGNIFICANCE

Treating disease non-invasively



ADVANTAGES OF LIGHT



Light offers unprecedented advantages over chemicals (drugs) for regulating biological processes in vivo.

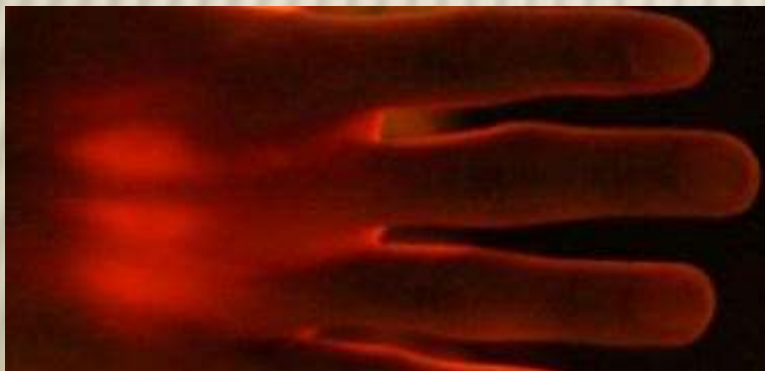
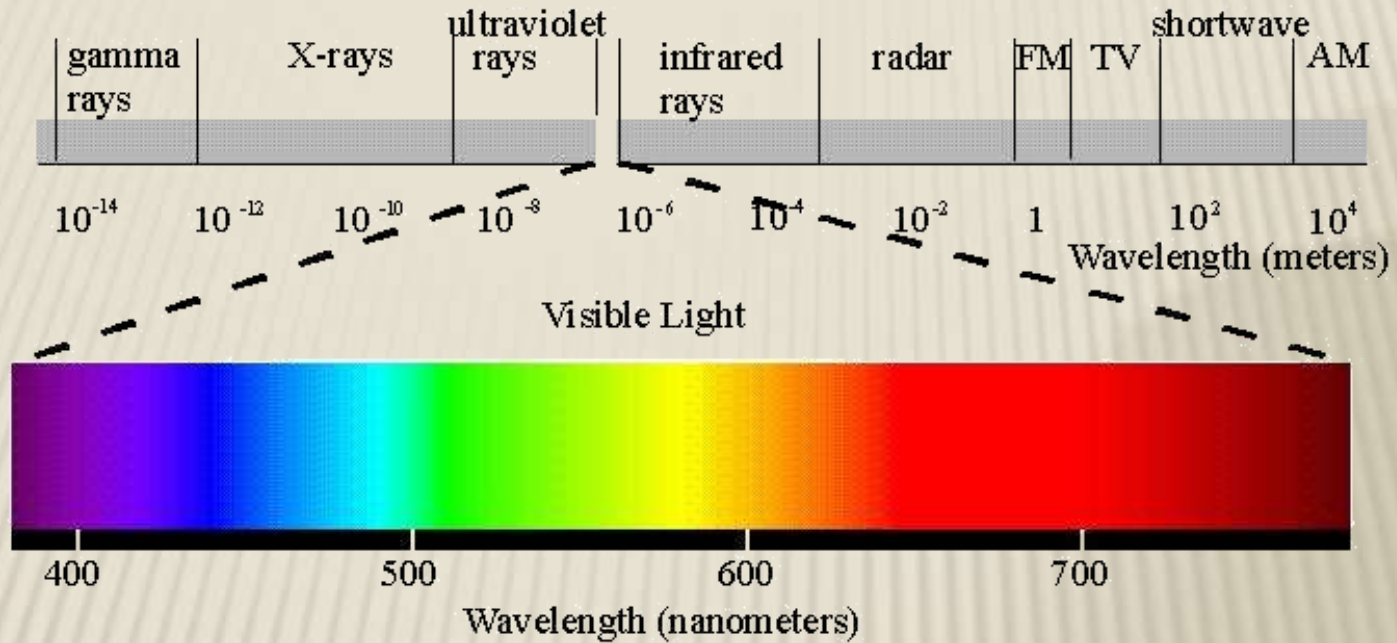


light *versus* **drugs**



- ◆ Few, if any side effects
- ◆ Spatial precision (single cells)
- ◆ Temporal control
- ◆ Reversibility

WHY NIR LIGHT?



Near Infrared Light (NIR)

- Deepest Tissue Penetration
- Harmless

REMOTE SYSTEM TO CONTROL GENE EXPRESSION

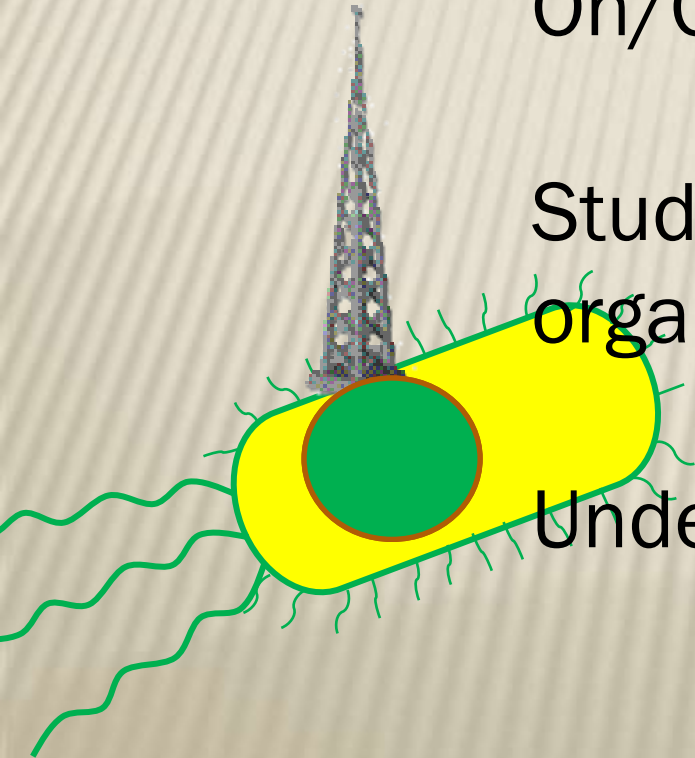


Precise spatial and temporal control

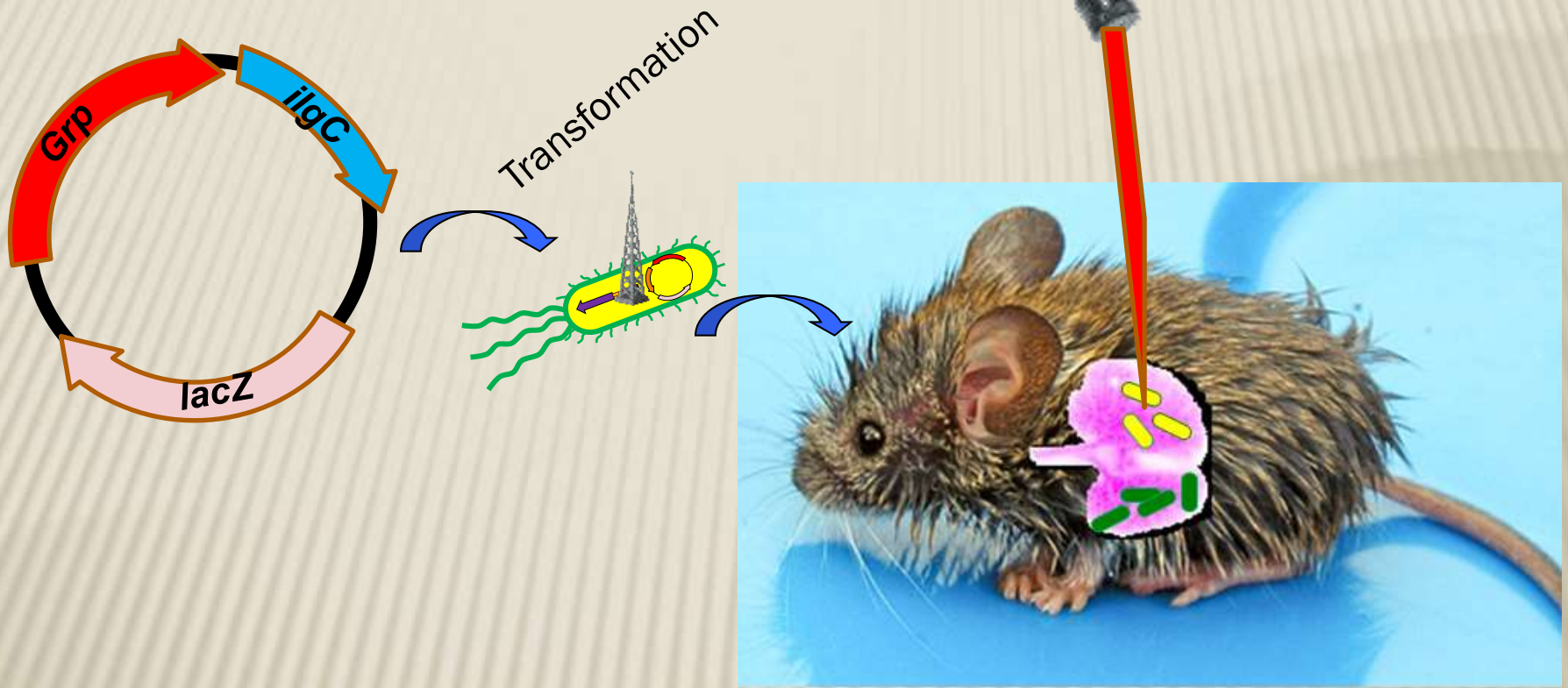
On/Off switch for gene expression

Study disease in model host organisms

Undetected by the pathogen

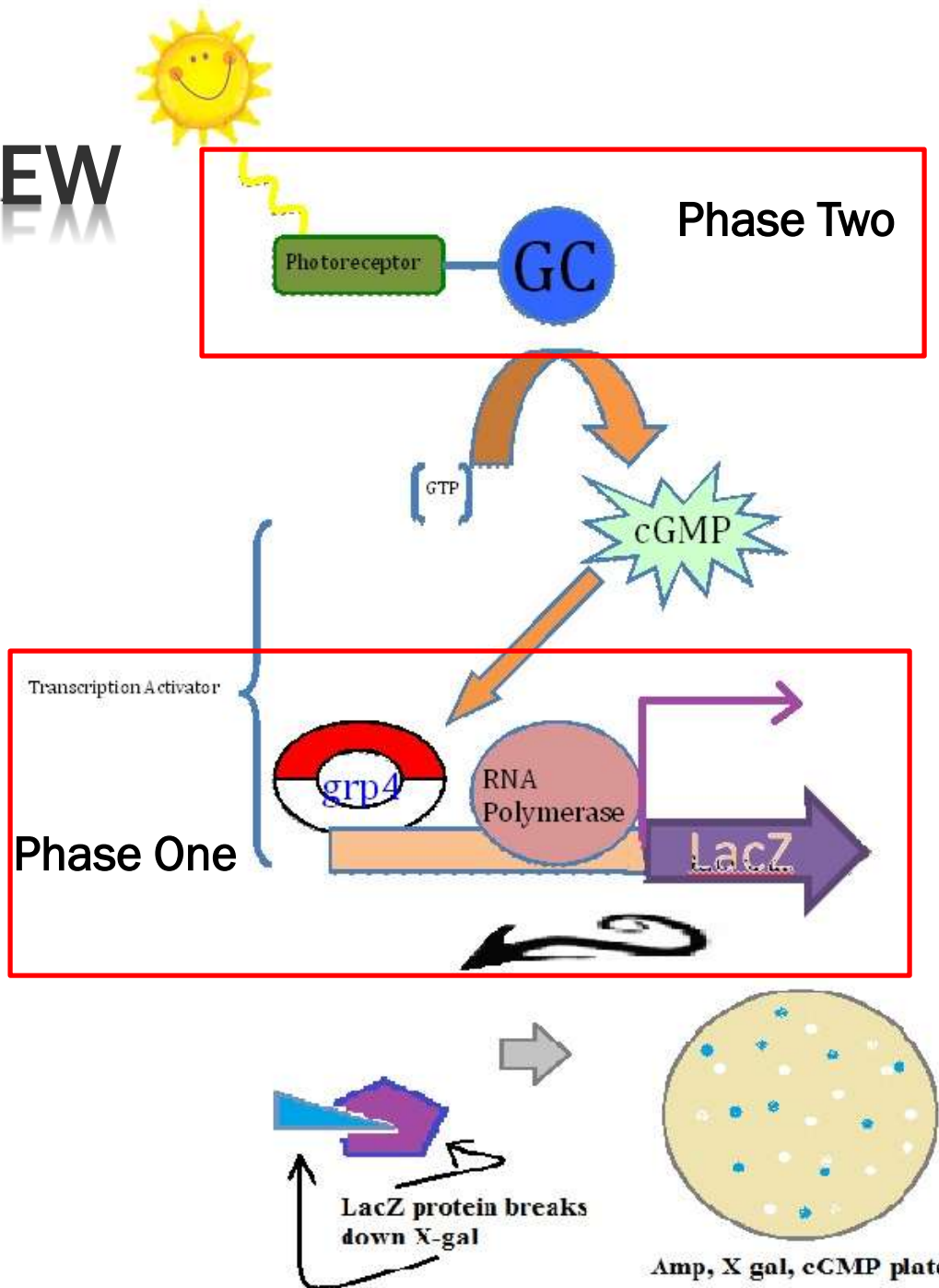


THE SYSTEM IN A HOST

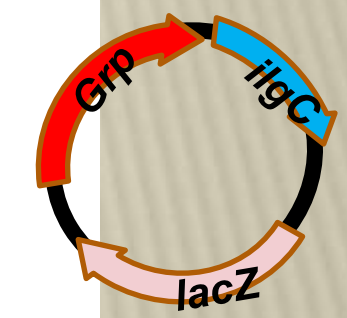


Precision photocontrol of gene expression in bacterial pathogens *in vivo*

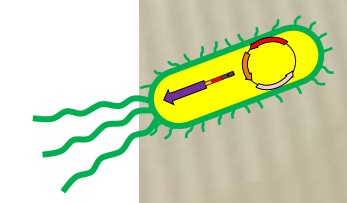
OVERVIEW



- Fusion and Mutagenic PCR on gene
- Digestion and Ligate into Plasmid



- Transform into E.coli



PHASE ONE: MAKING TRANSCRIPTION ACTIVATOR SENSING cGMP

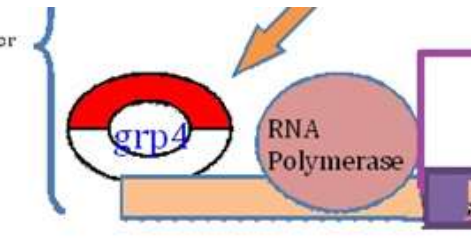
cAMP binding domain native to E. coli



cGMP=
bones



ling domain
. centenum



Accomplished with Fusion PCR
Insert into plasmid by ligation
Transform into E. coli

MAKING GRP TRANSCRIPTION ACTIVATOR



grp1

Original from *R. centenum*

- No RNA polymerase = no transcription
- No DNA binding

Using Fusion PCR

grp2

- Binds DNA
- Binds cGMP
- No RNA polymerase = no transcription



Random **Mutagenesis** PCR to fix grp2



grp3.2



grp3.3



grp3.4



grp3.1



Grp3.5

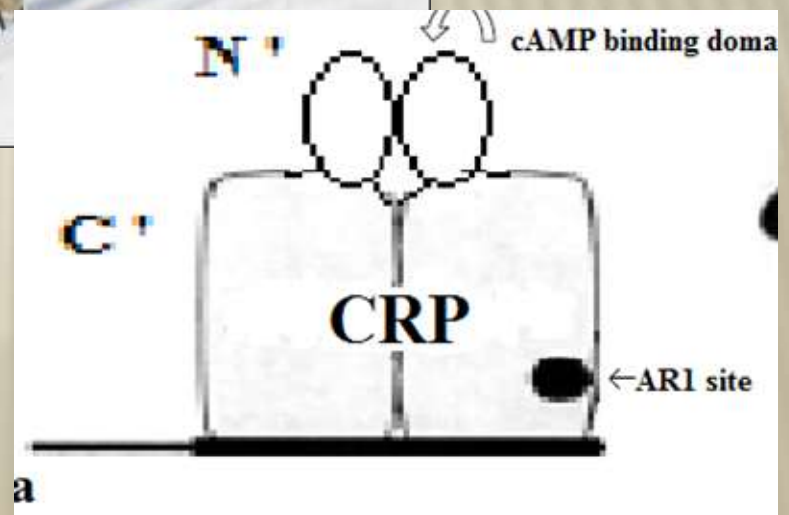
AR1 site was missing

AR1 site recruits RNA polymerase for transcription

grp4



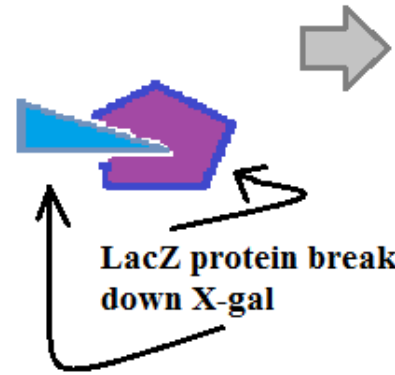
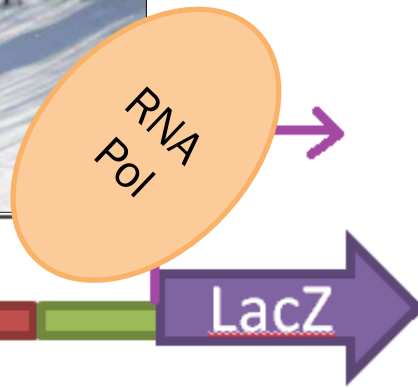
Fusion PCR to add
AR1 site



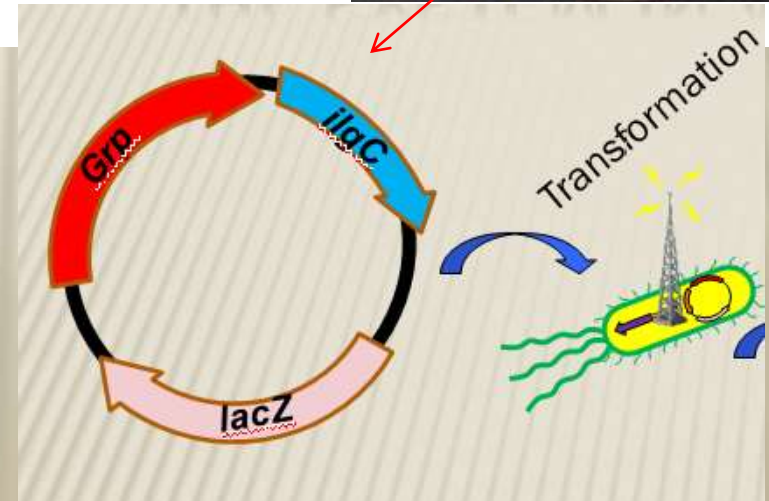
RESULTS



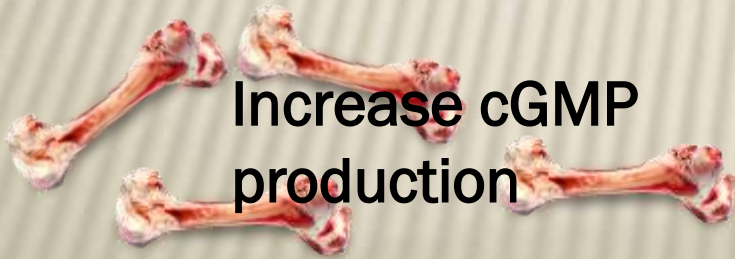
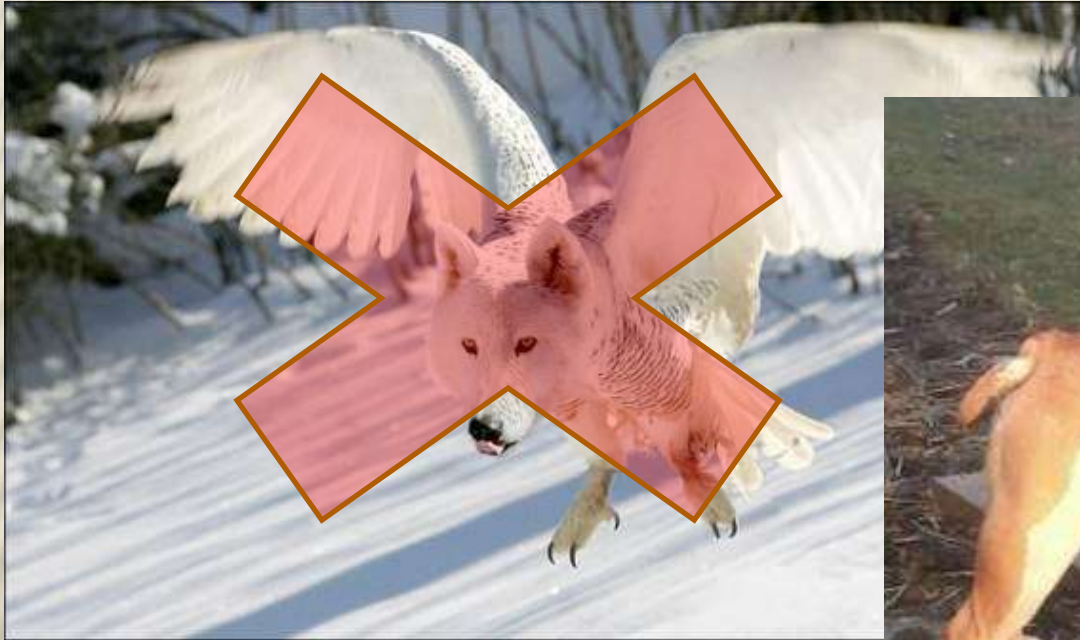
Binds cGMP
Binds DNA
Gene expression



Isolate blue plasmid
re-transform to double check



NO BLUE COLONIES = NO GENE EXPRESSION

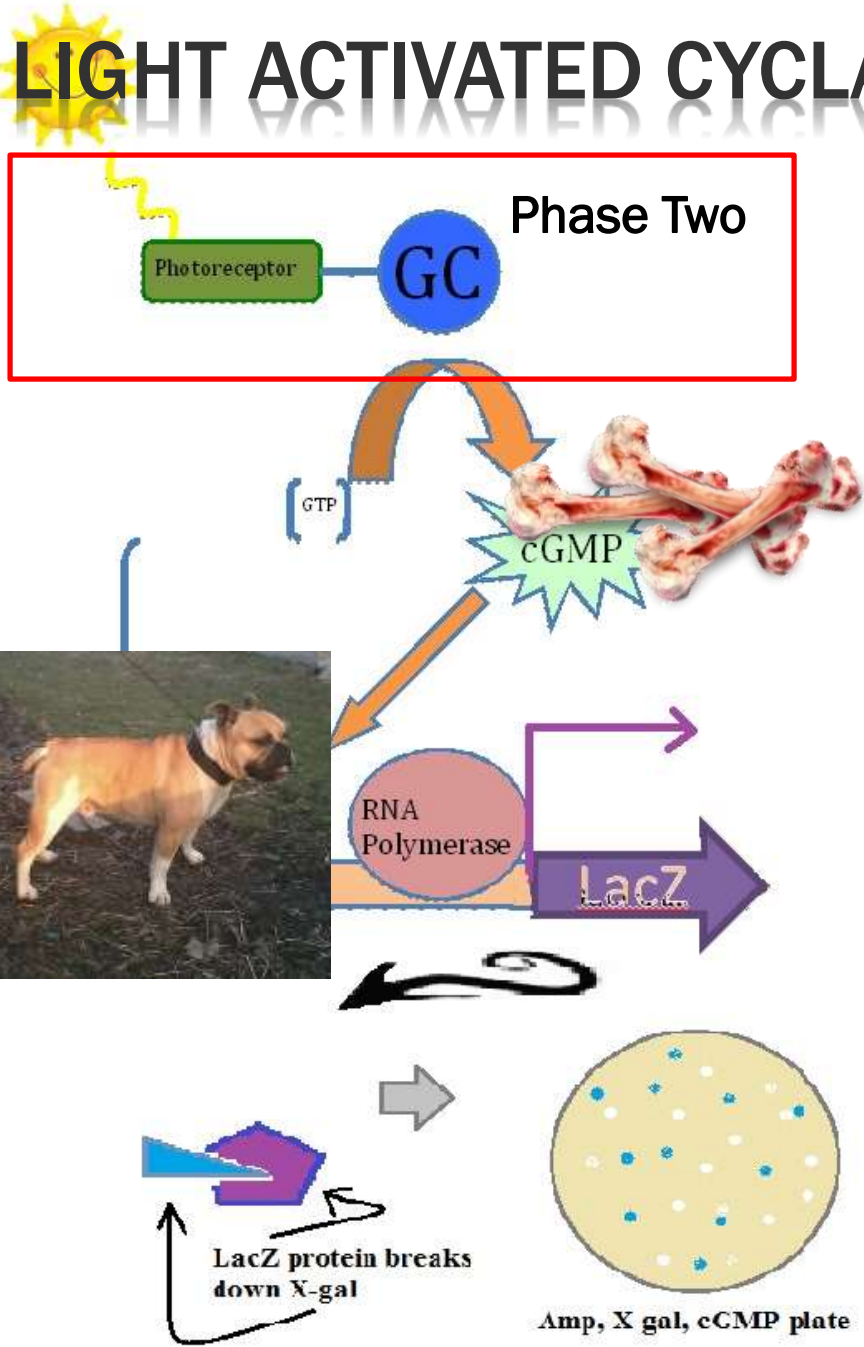


grp1

Use *R. centenum* transcription activator!

FUTURE WORK NEAR IR LIGHT ACTIVATED CYCLASE

Make a strong NIR Photoactivated Guanylyl Cyclase



THANK YOU!

Special thanks to:

Mark Gomelsky

Min-Hyung Ryu

Wyoming NSF EPSCoR